# **Creating Matrixes in Matlab**

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## Matlab Define Row and Column Vectors (Matrix)

```
% A column vector 4 by 1, with three numbers you fill in by yourself
 colVec = [5;2;3;10]
 colVec = 4 \times 1
      5
      2
      3
     10
 % Another column vector with 4 random numbers
 colVecRand = rand(4,1)
 colVecRand = 4 \times 1
     0.4899
     0.1679
     0.9787
     0.7127
 % A row vector 1 by 4
 rowVec = [3,2,4,5]
 rowVec = 1 \times 4
           2
                 4
                      5
      3
 % A row vector 1 by 4 with random number
 rowVecRand = rand(1,4)
 rowVecRand = 1 \times 4
     0.5005 0.4711 0.0596
                                 0.6820
Matlab Define a Matrix
 % A 2 by 3 matrix by hand
 matA = [1,2,1;
           3,4,10]
 matA = 2 \times 3
           2
                 1
 % Another 2 by 3 matrix, now with random numbers
 matRand = rand(2,3)
 matRand = 2 \times 3
            0.5216
                     0.8181
     0.0424
     0.0714
            0.0967
                       0.8175
```

% Another 2 by 3 matrix, now with random integers between 1 and 10 % rand draws between 0 and 1, ceil converts 0.1 to 1, 1.1 to 2, etc

matRand = ceil(rand(2,3)\*10)

```
matRand = 2 \times 3

8 7 10

2 6 7
```

### **Matlab Define a Square Matrix**

```
% A 4 by 4 square matrix
matSquare = rand(4)
matSquare = 4 \times 4
   0.8003 0.0835
                      0.8314
                                0.5269
           0.1332
                      0.8034
   0.4538
                                0.4168
   0.4324
             0.1734
                      0.0605
                                0.6569
   0.8253
             0.3909
                      0.3993
                                0.6280
% or can define 4 by 4
matSquare = rand(4, 4)
matSquare = 4 \times 4
   0.2920
           0.1672
                      0.4897
                                0.0527
   0.4317
             0.1062
                      0.3395
                                0.7379
   0.0155
             0.3724
                      0.9516
                                0.2691
   0.9841
             0.1981
                      0.9203
                                0.4228
% or can define 4 by 4, between 1 and 5 each number
matSquare = ceil(rand(4, 4)*5)
matSquare = 4 \times 4
          2
                     5
    3
    5
          4
                4
                     1
    3
          4
                1
                     1
    5
          3
```

### **Identity Matrix**

If a matrix A is square matrix with the same number of rows and columns, and all diagonal elements are 1 and non-diagonal elements are 0, then A is an identity matrix:

- $A_{i,j}$  are the value in the ith row and jth column of the matrix A
- A is an identity matrix, when:  $A_{i,j} = 0$  if  $i \neq j$ ,  $A_{i,j} = 1$  if i = j

```
% 4 by 4 identity matrix
identity4by4 = eye(4)

identity4by4 = 4×4
    1    0    0    0
    0    1    0    0
    0    0    1    0
```

When a matrix is muplied by the identity matrix, you get the same matrix back, for example, multiplying random integer 4 by 4 matrix by the 4 by 4 identity matrix:

```
matSquare
```

#### matSquareTimesIdentity = matSquare\*identity4by4

```
matSquareTimesIdentity = 4 \times 4
     3
            2
                   4
     5
            4
                   4
                          1
     3
            4
                   1
                          1
     5
            3
                   1
                          3
```

When a row vector is muplied by the identity matrix, you get the same vector back, for example, multiplying random integer 1 by 4 row vector by the 4 by 4 identity matrix:

```
rowVec
rowVec = 1×4
3   2   4   5

rowVecTimesIdentity = rowVec*identity4by4

rowVecTimesIdentity = 1×4
3   2   4   5
```

When an identity matrix is multiplied by a column vector, you get the same vector back, for example, multiplying 4 by 4 identity matrix by random integer 4 by 1 column vector by the :

```
colVec = 4x1
    5
    2
    3
    10

colVecTimesIdentity = identity4by4*colVec
```

```
colVecTimesIdentity = 4×1
5
2
3
10
```

## **Lower-Triangular Matrix and Upper-Triangular Matrix**

A lower triangular matrix is a square matrix where:

- Square matrix *A* is a **lower triangular** matrix, when:  $A_{i,j} = 0$  if i < j
- Square matrixA is a **upper triangular** matrix, when:  $A_{i,j} = 0$  if i > j

```
% lower triangular matrix of matA
lowerTriangular = tril(matSquare)
```

```
lowerTriangular = 4×4

3 0 0 0

5 4 0 0

3 4 1 0

5 3 1 3
```

```
% upper triangular matrix of matA
upperTriangular = triu(matSquare)
```

## **Three Dimensions Matrix (Tensor)**

```
% 3 by 3 by 2, storing multiple matrixes together in tenA
tenA = zeros(3,3,2);
tenA(:,:,1) = rand(3,3);
tenA(:,:,2) = rand(3,3);
disp(tenA);

(:,:,1) =
    0.8819    0.3689    0.1564
```

0.4607

0.9816

0.8555

0.6448

0.6692

0.1904

matRand =

```
% Creating four 2 by 3 matrixes
matRand = rand(2,3,4)
```

```
matRand(:,:,1) =
   0.2518
             0.6171
                       0.8244
   0.2904
             0.2653
                       0.9827
matRand(:,:,2) =
   0.7302
             0.5841
                       0.9063
   0.3439
             0.1078
                       0.8797
matRand(:,:,3) =
   0.8178
             0.5944
                       0.4253
   0.2607
             0.0225
                       0.3127
```

```
matRand(:,:,4) =
```

| 0.1615 | 0.4229 | 0.5985 |
|--------|--------|--------|
| 0.1788 | 0.0942 | 0.4709 |

### disp(matRand);

(:,:,1) =

 0.2518
 0.6171
 0.8244

 0.2904
 0.2653
 0.9827

(:,:,2) =

 0.7302
 0.5841
 0.9063

 0.3439
 0.1078
 0.8797

(:,:,3) =

 0.8178
 0.5944
 0.4253

 0.2607
 0.0225
 0.3127

(:,:,4) =

 0.1615
 0.4229
 0.5985

 0.1788
 0.0942
 0.4709